WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Summit County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020

Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	I
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Position	1
Statement of Activities	2
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund	3
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance -	
Governmental Fund.	4
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in	
Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	8
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	0
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund.	
Notes to Financial Statements	11
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Funds Available -	
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) - Water Fund	30
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Fund	31
OTHER INFORMATION	
Schedule of Debt Service Requirements to Maturity	32
Schedule of Assessed Valuation, Mill Levy and Property	
Taxes Collected	33



1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

6

303-734-4800



303-795-3356



www.HaynieCPAs.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors Willow Brook Metropolitan District Fort Collins, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Willow Brook Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of Willow Brook Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2020 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Willow Brook Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Willow Brook Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than





for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Willow Brook Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Willow Brook Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Willow Brook Metropolitan District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary and other information sections, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole

Sincerely,

Littleton, Colorado July 26, 2021

Hayrie & Company



WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 426,723	\$ 242,196	\$ 668,919
Accounts receivable:			
Customer	8,555	16,588	25,143
County treasurer	1,764	980	2,744
Property taxes receivable	351,631	126,978	478,609
Prepaid expenditures	445	-	445
Capital assets, not being depreciated	11,760	62,969	74,729
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation	670,181	2,710,375	3,380,556
Total assets	1,471,059	3,160,086	4,631,145
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	126,473	27,637	154,110
Accrued interest payable	7,049	1,650	8,699
Loan and note payable - current portion	55,000	71,278	126,278
Total current liabilities	188,522	100,565	289,087
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
Loan and note payable	440,000	1,293,069	1,733,069
Total liabilities	628,522	1,393,634	2,022,156
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred property tax revenue	351,631	126,978	478,609
Total deferred inflows of resources	351,631	126,978	478,609
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	186,941	1,408,997	1,595,938
Restricted for emergencies	11,600	8,800	20,400
Unrestricted	292,365	221,677	514,042
Total net position	\$ 490,906	\$ 1,639,474	\$ 2,130,380

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		I	Program Revenue	es			
			Operating	Capital	Net (E	xpenses) Revenu	ies and
			Grants	Grants	Ch	ange in Net Posi	tion
		Charges for	and	and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 364,045	\$ 6,620	\$ 8,100	\$ -	\$ (349,325)	\$ -	\$ (349,325)
	364,045	6,620	8,100		(349,325)		(349,325)
Business-type activities:							
Water	194,708	66,476	85,000	25,527		(17,705)	(17,705)
	194,708	66,476	85,000	25,527		(17,705)	(17,705)
Total	\$ 558,753	\$ 73,096	\$ 93,100	\$ 25,527	(349,325)	(17,705)	(367,030)
		General revenue Taxes:	es and transfers:				
		Property tax	es		324,310	196,333	520,643
		Specific own	nership taxes		18,108	10,060	28,168
		Conservation	trust funds		258	-	258
		Arena donatio	ons		25,000	-	25,000
		Interest			4,935	-	4,935
		Miscellaneous	S		-	550	550
		Stable/meadov	w fees		3,600	-	3,600
		Transfers (out) in		(92,216)	92,216	
		Total gene	ral revenues and t	ransfers	283,995	299,159	583,154
		Change in net p	osition		(65,330)	281,454	216,124
		Net position - b	eginning		556,236	1,358,020	1,914,256
		Net position - en	nding		\$ 490,906	\$ 1,639,474	\$ 2,130,380

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUND

December 31, 2020

	(General
ASSETS Cook and cook assistants	¢.	406.702
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable:	\$	426,723
Customer		8,555
County treasurer		1,764
Property taxes receivable		351,631
Prepaid expenditures		445
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	789,118
	Ψ	705,110
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	126,473
TOTAL LIABILITIES		126,473
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred property tax revenue		351,631
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		351,631
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable:		4.4.5
Prepaid expenditures		445
Spendable:		
Restricted:		11 600
Emergency reserves Loan proceeds		11,600
Assigned for subsequent years expenditures		35,676 15,292
Unassigned Unassigned		248,001
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		311,014
TOTAL TOTAL BALANCE		311,011
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of		
Net Position are different because:		
Transfer from Water Fund		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Capital assets		681,941
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,		
therefore, are not in the funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(7,049)
Taxable promissory note		(495,000)
Net position of governmental activities These financial statements should be read only in connection w	\$ vith	490,906
the accompanying notes to financial statements.		
the accompanying notes to intended statements.		

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

DEMENTING	General
REVENUES Proporty toyog	\$ 324.310
Property taxes Specific ownership taxes	\$ 324,310 18,108
Conservation trust funds	258
Arena donations	25,000
Grants and contributions	8,100
Interest	4,935
Stable/meadow fees	3,600
Trash service	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total revenues	6,620 390,931
EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>
General government:	
Audit	10,000
County treasurer fees	16,204
District management and accounting	96,866
Election	1,645
Insurance and dues	7,885
Interest	67
Legal	9,794
Miscellaneous	1,439
Reserve study	3,558
Trash removal	11,457
Utilities	8,159
Weeds	4,691
Wildfire fuel reduction	26,935
Operations and maintenance	9,630
Irrigation	10,539
Hay meadows and fencing	1,050
Roads	88,139
Stable - equestrian center	2,801
Debt service:	2,001
Note issuance costs	13,375
Note principal	55,000
Note interest	11,244
Capital outlay:	11,277
Arena project	54,211
Gate house roof	9,950
Road paving project	505,733
Road signage	8,591
Total expenditures	968,963
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES	(578,032)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u></u>
Note proceeds	550,000
Transfer to other funds	(92,216)
Total other financing sources (uses)	457,784
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(120,248)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	431,262
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 311,014

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended December 31, 2020

A reconciliation reflecting the differences between the governmental funds net change in fund balance and change in net position reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities as follows:

governmental activities in the Statement of Activities as follows.		
Net change in fund balance - Total governmental funds		\$ (120,248)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities the costs of those assets is allocated over		
their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	578,485	
Depreciation	(21,518)	556,967
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither		
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. The net effect of these		
differences in the treatment of long-term debt is as follows:		
Note proceeds	(550,000)	
Note principal payment	55,000	(495,000)
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Net change in accrued interest on long-term obligations	_	(7,049)
Change in net position - governmental activities	_	\$ (65,330)

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2020

Year El	naea Dece	mber 31, 202	. 0			• •	• . •
							ance with l Budget -
		Budget	Amoui	nts			ositive
		Original		Final	Actual		egative)
REVENUES		_					
Property taxes	\$	348,354	\$	326,310	\$ 324,310	\$	(2,000)
Specific ownership taxes		18,000		16,827	18,108		1,281
Arena donations		-		27,000	25,000		(2,000)
Conservation trust funds		200		200	258		58
Grants and contributions - Wildfire fuel reduction		9,000		9,000	8,100		(900)
Interest		10,000		5,745	4,935		(810)
Stable/Meadow fees		-		3,250	3,600		350
Trash service		8,000		10,500	6,620		(3,880)
Weed program		1,000		1,000	 		(1,000)
Total revenues		394,554		399,832	 390,931		(8,901)
EXPENDITURES							
General government:							
Audit		6,000		10,000	10,000		-
County treasurer fees		13,750		17,050	16,204		846
District management and accounting		50,000		90,000	96,866		(6,866)
Election		9,000		1,645	1,645		-
Insurance and dues		6,500		7,936	7,885		51
Interest		-		-	67		(67)
Legal		3,000		8,500	9,794		(1,294)
Miscellaneous		2,500		2,500	1,439		1,061
Reserve study		3,800		3,557	3,558		(1)
Survey ranch perimeter		5,000		-	-		-
Trash removal		10,500		10,500	11,457		(957)
Utilities		10,000		10,000	8,159		1,841
Weeds		6,500		6,500	4,691		1,809
Well repairs		2,500		2,500	-		2,500
Wildfire fuel reduction		9,000		33,159	26,935		6,224
Emergency reserve		8,687		-	-		-
Operations and maintenance		39,500		7,614	9,630		(2,016)
Irrigation		15,900		18,564	10,539		8,025
Hay meadows and fencing		12,400		7,950	1,050		6,900
Roads		135,800		135,800	88,139		47,661
Stable - equestrian center		8,800		4,576	2,801		1,775
Debt service:							
Note issuance costs		-		-	13,375		(13,375)
Loan principal		65,000		123,399	55,000		68,399
Loan interest		-		11,428	11,244		184
Capital outlay:							
Arena project		-		54,211	54,211		-
Gate house roof		-		-	9,950		(9,950)
Road paving project		550,000		497,041	505,733		(8,692)
Road signage		-			 8,591		(8,591)
Total expenditures		974,137		1,064,430	 968,963		95,467
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER REVENUES		(579,583)		(664,598)	 (578,032)	-	86,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Loan proceeds		550,000		536,625	550,000		13,375
Transfers to other funds		-		(27,582)	 (92,216)		(64,634)
Total other financing sources (uses)		550,000		509,043	 457,784		(51,259)

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budget A	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(29,583)	(155,555)	(120,248)	35,307
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	367,716	431,262	431,262	-
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 338,133	\$ 275,707	\$ 311,014	\$ 35,307
Funds available is computed as follows:				
Current assets			\$ 789,118	
Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources			(478,104)	
			\$ 311,014	

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND December 31, 2020

		Water
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	242,196
Accounts receivable:		
Customer		16,588
County treasurer		980
Property taxes receivable		126,978
Total current assets		386,742
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Capital assets, not being depreciated		62,969
Capital assets, being depreciated		3,289,546
		3,352,515
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(579,171)
Total capital assets		2,773,344
	_	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,160,086
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$	27,637
Accrued interest payable		1,650
Loan payable - current portion		71,278
Total current liabilities		100,565
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Loans payable - CWR&PDA		1,293,069
Total liabilities	_	1,393,634
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred property tax revenue		126,978
Total deferred inflows of resources		126,978
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		1,408,997
Restricted for emergencies		8,800
Unrestricted		221,677
Total net position		1,639,474
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$	3,160,086

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Water
OPERATING REVENUES	
Service charges	\$ 66,476
Miscellaneous	 550
Total operating revenues	 67,026
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Maintenance contract	27,720
PRV system connections	4,528
Repairs and maintenance	20,208
Utilities	122
Water billing	10,845
Water testing	3,186
Water system repairs	2,281
Depreciation	80,191
Total operating expenses	149,081
LOSS FROM OPERATIONS	 (82,055)
NONOPERATING REVENUES AND (EXPENSES)	
Property taxes	196,333
Specific ownership taxes	10,060
Fire protection grant	85,000
Interest expense	(1,787)
County treasurer fees	(9,810)
Loan interest	(25,450)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 254,346
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND EXPENSES	 172,291
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Tap fees	25,527
Tap agreement expense	(8,580)
Transfer from other funds	92,216
Total other financing sources (uses)	109,163
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	281,454
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,358,020
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,639,474

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Water
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$ 63,709
Payments to vendors	(83,977)
Transfer from other funds	92,216
Net cash provided by operating activities	 71,948
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Property and specific ownership taxes received	206,380
County treasurer fees paid	(9,810)
Tap fees	16,947
Fire protection grant	85,000
Acquisition of capital assets	(278,276)
Net cash provided by capital financing activities	 20,241
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(25,587)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(40,645)
Net cash used in investing activities	 (66,232)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25,957
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 216,239
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 242,196
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net loss from operations	\$ (82,055)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities:	
Transfer from other funds	92,216
Depreciation	80,191
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(3,317)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(15,087)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 71,948

NOTE 1 – DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Willow Brook Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado, is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Summit County, Colorado. The District was established to provide water, recreation and street maintenance services within its boundaries.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District, the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and redemption of bonds and notes are recorded as a reduction in liabilities. Tap fees are recorded as capital contributions when received.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes and trash service fees. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation paid. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The District accounts for the capital road paving in a Road Paving Fund which is combined with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Fund accounts for the water operations that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the District is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The District accounts for capital purchases in a Capital Projects Fund and a Capital Water Projects Fund which are combined with the Water Fund for financial reporting purposes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

For District management purposes, the District adopts budgets for the General Fund, Road Paving Fund, Capital Water Projects Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Water Operations Fund. However, for financial reporting purposes the Road Paving Fund is combined into the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund and Capital Water Projects Fund are combined into the Water Fund as the capital projects and capital water projects are related to water operations.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The District's board of directors amended the total appropriations for the following funds:

	Budget A					
Fund	Original			Final		
Water Operations Fund	\$	53,910	\$	73,053		
Capital Projects Fund		295,000		307,650		
Capital Water Projects Fund		67,686		242,929		
Water Fund - financial reporting purposes	\$	416,596	\$	623,632		
General Fund	\$	357,637	\$	455,344		
		616,500		636,668		
General Fund - financial reporting purposes	\$	974,137	\$	1,092,012		

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooled cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each funds' average equity balance in total cash.

Customer Accounts Receivable

Due to the broad powers of collection, no allowance for uncollectible customer accounts receivable has been reported.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the county assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the county commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The county treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April 30 or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The county treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The deferred inflows of resources related to property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, water rights, road improvements, bridge improvements, buildings and improvements and water system, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

5-30 years
10-30 years
30 years
3-40 years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The revenue continues to be recognized when earned in the government-wide statements. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred property tax revenue, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Tap Fees and Contributed Lines

Tap fees are recorded as capital contributions when received. Lines contributed to the District by developers are recorded as capital contributions and additions to the systems at estimated fair market value when received.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The District's governmental fund balances may consist of five classifications based on the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - the amount of fund balance that is not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance - the amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., board of directors). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Assigned fund balance - amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the District board of directors or by an official or body to which the District board of directors delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the District board of directors has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	668,919
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020 consist of the following:		
Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$	21,397 647,522
investments	\$	668,919

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The state commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$34,712 and carrying balance of \$21,397.

Credit Risk

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

Colorado State Statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities and the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Certain corporate bonds
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

At December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid	Weighted average	
Asset Trust	under 60 days	<u>\$ 647,522</u>

Colotrust

During 2020, the District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing Colotrust. Colotrust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Colotrust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for Colotrust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement.

The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for Colotrust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by Colotrust. As of December 31, 2020, the District had \$647,522 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+ in the name of the District. Colotrust is rated AAA by S&P Global Ratings.

Investment Valuation

Certain investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

However, the District's investments are not measured at fair value and are therefore not categorized within the fair value hierarchy. These investments include 2a7-like external investment pools. The District is permitted in certain circumstances to establish the fair value of an investment that does not have a readily determinable fair value by using the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the investment.

NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colotrust determines the NAV of the shares of each portfolio as of the close of business on each day. The NAV per share of each portfolio is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolios, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the portfolios. Liabilities, which include all expenses and fees of Colotrust, are accrued daily. The NAV is calculated at fair value using various inputs to determine value in accordance with FASB guidance. It is the goal of Colotrust to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however changes in interest rates may affect the fair value of the securities held by Colotrust and there can be no assurance that the NAV will not vary from \$1.00 per share.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2020 follows:

Governmental activities:		alance at ember 31,					alance at ember 31,
		2019	A(dditions	<u>Tra</u>	ns fe rs	 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	11,760	\$		\$	-	\$ 11,760
Total capital assets, not							
being depreciated		11,760				-	 11,760
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Road improvements		114,147		514,324		_	628,471
Bridge improvements		77,674		-		_	77,674
Buildings and improvements		212,878		64,161		-	277,039
Total capital assets being					,		
depreciated		404,699		578,485		-	 983,184
Less accumulated depreciation for:	•				,		
Road improvements		(114,147)		(8,859)		-	(123,006)
Bridge improvements		(19,418)		(2,589)		-	(22,007)
Buildings and improvements		(157,920)		(10,070)		-	(167,990)
Total accumulated depreciation		(291,485)		(21,518)		-	(313,003)
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net		113,214		556,967		-	670,181
Total capital assets, net	\$	124,974	\$	556,967	\$		\$ 681,941

Depreciation of the governmental activities is charged to the general government function/program.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation of the business-type activities is charged to the water function/program.

Balance at December 31,		31,		Trans fors			alance at cember 31, 2020
	2017	71	dattions		ansicis		2020
	40.466	\$	_	\$	_	\$	40,466
Ψ	· ·	Ψ	22,503	Ψ	(34.055)	Ψ	22,503
					(= 1,000)		
	74,521		22,503		(34,055)		62,969
	<u> </u>						
	2,999,718		255,773		34,055		3,289,546
	2,999,718		255,773		34,055		3,289,546
					_		
	(498,980)		(80,191)				(579,171)
ı	(498,980)		(80,191)				(579,171)
	2,500,738		175,582		34,055		2,710,375
\$	2,575,259	\$	198,085	\$		\$	2,773,344
		\$ 40,466 34,055 74,521 2,999,718 2,999,718 (498,980) (498,980) (498,980)	December 31, 2019 Ac \$ 40,466 \$ 34,055	December 31, 2019 Additions \$ 40,466 \$ - 34,055 \$ 22,503 74,521 \$ 22,503 2,999,718 \$ 255,773 2,999,718 \$ 255,773 (498,980) (80,191) (498,980) (80,191) 2,500,738 175,582	December 31, 2019 Additions Tr \$ 40,466 \$ - \$ 34,055 22,503 74,521 22,503 2,999,718 255,773 2,999,718 255,773 (498,980) (80,191) (498,980) (80,191) 2,500,738 175,582	December 31, 2019 Additions Transfers \$ 40,466 \$ - \$ - 34,055 22,503 (34,055) 74,521 22,503 (34,055) 2,999,718 255,773 34,055 2,999,718 255,773 34,055 (498,980) (80,191) - (498,980) (80,191) - 2,500,738 175,582 34,055	December 31, 2019 Additions Transfers \$ 40,466 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ 34,055 \$ 74,521 22,503 (34,055) \$ 2,999,718 255,773 34,055 \$ 2,999,718 255,773 34,055 \$ (498,980) (80,191) \$ (498,980) (80,191) \$ 2,500,738 175,582 34,055

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of the changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance at cember 31, 2019	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Salance at cember 31, 2020	Due Within ne Year
Governmental activities: Taxable promissory note Business-type activities:	\$ -	\$	550,000	\$	55,000	\$ 495,000	\$ 55,000
CWR&PDA Loan #D19F427	1,404,992		-		40,645	1,364,347	71,278
	\$ 1,404,992	\$	550,000	\$	95,645	\$ 1,859,347	\$ 126,278

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Colorado Water Resources & Power Development Authority Loan

The District entered into a \$1,750,000 Drinking Water Revolving Fund Direct Loan (2019 Loan), dated April 24, 2019, with 2.5% interest, payments commencing May 1, 2020 and a term of 20 years. The purpose of the 2019 Loan is to provide funding for improvements to the District's water system. At the end of 2020 the District has borrowed \$1,404,992 and the 2019 Loan agreement allows for additional reimbursements in the amount of \$345,008, up to a total of \$1,750,000. Principal and interest payments of \$56,784 are payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 until the final maturity date of November 1, 2039. The District may prepay the 2019 Loan, in whole or in part without penalty.

Significant events of default under the 2019 Loan include (i) failure to pay within 30 days, (ii) failure to pay principal and interest on any bonds, notes or other obligations, (iii) failure to meet financial or custodial agreement covenants, (iv) any representation made that is false or misleading in any material respect, (v) a petition if filed for bankruptcy or insolvency.

Immediately upon the occurrence of an event of default or the failure of the lender to receive any payment of principal or interest on the due date thereof, the 2019 Loan balance shall bear interest at the greater of twelve percent per annum or the Prime Rate plus one half of one percent per annum, but in no event in excess of the maximum rate permitted by law.

The following table sets forth the estimated debt service payment schedule for the principal and interest on the 2019 Loan:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 71,278	\$ 42,291	\$ 113,569
2022	73,071	40,498	113,569
2023	74,909	38,660	113,569
2024	76,794	36,775	113,569
2025	78,725	34,844	113,569
2026-2030	424,348	143,497	567,845
2031-2035	480,477	87,368	567,845
2036	84,745	9,633	94,378
	\$1,364,347	\$ 433,566	\$1,797,913

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

2020 Taxable Promissory Note

The District entered into a \$550,000 Taxable Promissory Note (2020 Note) dated May 28, 2020, with 3% interest, payments commencing May 1, 2020. The 2020 Note is for a term of 10 years at a fixed interest rate for 5 years of 4.0%, adjusting on the fifth anniversary of the 2020 Note date to the prevailing 5-year US Treasury rate plus 3.0% with a floor rate of 4.0%. The proceeds from the 2020 Note are to be used to make improvements to the District's streets. The District has not spent and has a restricted balance of \$35,676. Principal and interest payments are payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 until the final maturity date of December 1, 2030. The District may prepay the 2020 Note, in whole or in part without penalty.

Significant events of default under the 2020 Note include (i) failure to pay principal and interest within 5 days, (ii) failure to impose the required mill levy or fail to apply pledged revenue, (iii) failure to meet financial or custodial agreement covenants, (iv) failure to pay principal and interest on any bonds, notes or other obligations, (v) judgement or court order for the payment of money exceeding any insurance coverage by more than \$100,000, (vi) a petition if filed for bankruptcy or insolvency.

Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of any event of default or the failure of the lender to receive any payment of principal or interest on the due date thereof, the 2020 Note balance shall bear interest at the default interest rate as defined in the 2020 Note agreement and the bank may declare all amounts due under the 2020 Note or take any other action available under the financing document.

The following table sets forth the estimated debt service payment schedule for the principal and interest on the 2020 Note:

Year Ending			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 55,000	\$ 19,800	\$ 74,800
2022	55,000	17,600	72,600
2023	55,000	15,400	70,400
2024	55,000	13,200	68,200
2025	55,000	11,000	66,000
2026-2029	220,000	22,000	242,000
	\$ 495,000	\$ 99,000	\$ 594,000

NOTE 6 – INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

Town of Silverthorne

On June 1, 1995, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement to purchase treated water from the Town of Silverthorne (the Town). The District agreed to purchase 28 water taps for original residences at a cost of \$2,800 per tap totaling \$78,400. The final payment was made in 1999. Any future water taps purchased will be charged at the Town's existing published rates for Town residents. The District has built the connection to the Town's water system, including a master meter and will purchase water necessary to supplement the District's supply. The District is responsible for reading customer meters within the District and billing customers for water used. The District will be charged at the rate of 1-1/2 times the rate for the Town's residents and will be billed by the Town quarterly for each quarter of the calendar year during which water is actually delivered to the District.

NOTE 7 – FUND EQUITY

At December 31, 2020, the District reported the following classifications of fund equity.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$445 is comprised of prepaid amounts which are not in spendable form.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$11,600 is comprised of the emergency reserves that have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the State of Colorado (see Note 9). Loan proceeds of \$35,676 are restricted to make improvements to the District's streets.

Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance in the General Fund in the amount of \$15,262 is comprised of amounts assigned by the board of directors by a resolution to eliminate the projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget.

Unassigned Fund Balance

The District's has an unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$283,677.

NOTE 8 - NET POSITION

The District's net position consists of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

The net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and debt. As of December 31, 2020, the District had net investment in capital assets of \$1,595,938, comprised of \$186,941 the governmental activities and \$1,408,997 in the business-type activities.

Restricted assets include net assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District's restricted net position at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

Destricted not recition.	ernmental ctivities	ness-type tivities	Total
Restricted net position: Emergency reserves (see Note 9)	\$ 11,600	\$ 8,800	\$ 20,400
	\$ 11,600	\$ 8,800	\$ 20,400

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's unrestricted net position at December 31, 2020 totaled \$521,091, comprised of \$299,414 in the governmental activities and \$221,677 in the business-type activities.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Except as provided in the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets, errors or omissions, injuries to employees or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool) as of December 31, 2020. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members.

NOTE 9 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 7, 1996, the eligible electors of the District authorized the District to: (1) collect in fiscal year 1996 and subsequent fiscal years thereafter additional property tax revenue from its mill levy, without an increase in the rate thereof, and from specific ownership taxes, interest income, and any other income of the District in excess of the rate of inflation in the prior calendar year plus annual local growth, and in excess of 105.5 percent of the property tax revenue of the District collected in the respective prior fiscal year for general operating and maintenance expenditures; and (2) implement and increase in fiscal year spending greater than the rate of inflation in the respective prior calendar year plus annual local growth, as described in (1).

On May 4, 2010, the eligible electors of the District approved the following ballot measure:

Shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District taxes be increased \$140,000 annually commencing in 2010, and by whatever amount of revenue is generated annually in 2011 and every year thereafter until 2021, by the imposition of a capital expenditures mill levy of 17.474 mills (which levy shall be in addition to any other mill levy imposed by the District) said levy to be adjusted up or down to account for any general reassessment of taxable property valuations by Summit County or legislative or constitutional changes in the method or percentage for calculating District assessed values, and in each year imposed at a rate determined by the board of directors of the District within such

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

limitations; and shall the proceeds from such mill levy be allocated and restricted so that the proceeds shall be budgeted and spent solely to pay the costs of such water system improvements, repairs, replacements, extensions, additions and acquisitions (including the repayment of any debt issued to pay said costs, and including appurtenant land and easements) as the board deems necessary or proper; and shall the proceeds of such taxes and investment income thereon constitute voter-approved revenue changes and be collected and spent by the District each year, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues, and without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax reduction or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes, or any other applicable law?

On May 8, 2012, the eligible electors of the District approved the following ballot measure:

Shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District taxes be increased \$210,000 annually in 2012 (representing total income of \$210,000 bringing the District back to 2012 collections), and by that amount plus inflation and local growth in every year thereafter, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses; such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the District Board, and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be determined by the District Board; and shall the proceeds of such taxes and investment income thereon constitute a voter-approved revenue change in 2014 and each year thereafter and be collected and spent by the District each year, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues and without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax reduction or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, Section 29-1-301, Colorado Revised Statutes, or any other applicable law?

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 6, 2018, the eligible electors of the District approved the following ballot measure:

Shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District debt be increased \$1,750,000, with a repayment cost of \$3,950,000; and shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District taxes be increased \$200,000 annually, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the district's debt: such debt to consist of general obligation bonds, special assessment bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations, including contracts, issued or incurred for the purpose of paying, reimbursing, or financing all or any part of the costs of acquiring, constructing, relocating, installing, completing, repairing, replacing and otherwise providing, within or without the boundaries of the district, a complete potable and nonpotable water supply, storage, transmission, and distribution system, including but not limited to transmission lines, distribution mains and laterals, irrigation facilities, and storage facilities, together with all necessary, incidental, and appurtenant facilities, equipment, land, and easements, and extensions of and improvements to said facilities, such debt to bear interest at a net effective interest rate not in excess of 10% per annum, such interest to be payable at such time or times and which may compound periodically as may be determined by the district board of directors, such debt to be sold in one series or more at a price above, below, or equal to the principal amount of such debt and on such terms and conditions as the district board of directors may determine, including provisions for redemption of the debt prior to maturity with or without payment of premium in an amount determined by the district board of directors, such debt to be paid from any legally available moneys of the district, including but not limited to the proceeds of ad valorem property taxes, specific ownership taxes and special assessments; such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed on all taxable property of the district, without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the district board of directors, specific ownership taxes and special assessments, and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be necessary, to be used solely for the purpose of paying the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the district's debt; and shall the proceeds of any such debt and the proceeds of such taxes, any other revenue used to pay such debt, and investment income thereon, be collected and spent by the district as a voter-approved revenue change, and be collected and spent by the district each year, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues, and without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax reduction or other limitation contained within article x, section 20 of the Colorado constitution, section 29-1-301, Colorado revised statutes, or any other applicable law?

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On November 6, 2018, the eligible electors of the District approved the following ballot measure:

Shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District debt be increased \$550,000, with a repayment cost of \$1,500,000; and shall Willow Brook Metropolitan District taxes be increased \$100,000 annually, or by such lesser annual amount as may be necessary to pay the district's debt: such debt to consist of general obligation bonds, special assessment bonds, revenue bonds, or other obligations, including contracts, issued or incurred for the purpose of paying, reimbursing, or financing all or any part of the costs of acquiring, constructing, relocating, installing, completing, repairing, replacing and otherwise providing, within or without the boundaries of the district, street improvements including but not limited to curbs, gutters, culverts, other drainage facilities, sidewalks, bridges, parking facilities, paving, lighting, grading, landscaping, and other street improvements, together with all necessary, incidental, and appurtenant facilities, equipment, land, and easements, and extensions of and improvements to said facilities, such debt to bear interest at a net effective interest rate not in excess of 10% per annum, such interest to be payable at such time or times and which may compound periodically as may be determined by the district board of directors, such debt to be sold in one series or more at a price above, below, or equal to the principal amount of such debt and on such terms and conditions as the district board of directors may determine, including provisions for redemption of the debt prior to maturity with or without payment of premium in an amount determined by the district board of directors, such debt to be paid from any legally available moneys of the district, including but not limited to the proceeds of ad valorem property taxes, specific ownership taxes and special assessments; such taxes to consist of an ad valorem mill levy imposed on all taxable property of the district, without limitation of rate or with such limitations as may be determined by the district board of directors, specific ownership taxes and special assessments, and in amounts sufficient to produce the annual increase set forth above or such lesser amount as may be necessary, to be used solely for the purpose of paying the principal of, premium if any, and interest on the district's debt; and shall the proceeds of any such debt and the proceeds of such taxes, any other revenue used to pay such debt, and investment income thereon, be collected and spent by the district as a voter-approved revenue change, and be collected and spent by the district each year, without limiting or affecting the collection or expenditure of other revenues, and without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, tax reduction or other limitation contained within article x, section 20 of the Colorado constitution, section 29-1-301, Colorado revised statutes, or any other applicable law?

NOTE 10 - TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.



WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUNDS AVAILABLE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) WATER FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

		D. I					Fina	iance with
		Budget	Amou	nts Final		A =4===1		Positive
REVENUES		Original		rinai		Actual		(egative)
Property taxes	\$	206,095	\$	199,640	\$	196,333	\$	(3,307)
Specific ownership taxes	Φ	10,000	Ф	199,040	Ф	190,333	Ф	9,879
Grant Summit County - fire protection				85,000				9,079
Miscellaneous		85,000		484		85,000 550		66
		- 						
Service charges		55,000		55,000		66,476		11,476
Tap fees		256,005		30,527		25,527		(5,000)
Total revenues		356,095		370,832	-	383,946		13,114
EXPENDITURES								
General:								
Audit		600						
County treasurer fees		991		9,986		9,810		176
Interest		991		9,960		137		
Maintenance contract		28,800		30,000		27,720		(137) 2,280
		28,800		30,000				*
PRV connection of 2 systems		1,000		13,363		4,528		(4,528)
Repairs and maintenance		1,000				20,208		(6,845)
Tap agreement		- 110		16,580		8,580		8,000
Utilities		110		110		122		(12)
Water billing		8,000		10,000		10,845		(845)
Water testing		1,000		1,000		3,186		(2,186)
Water system repairs		15,000		2,000		2,281		(281)
Debt service:		25.450		25.450		25.450		
Loan interest		25,450		25,450		25,450		-
Loan principal		40,645		40,645		40,645		-
Capital outlay:								
Gate house roof		-		9,950		-		9,950
Hydrant installation		195,000		277,828		255,773		22,055
PRV connection of 2 systems		100,000		4,528		-		4,528
Road signage		-		8,591		-		8,591
Ruby ranch water and road system		-		8,601		-		8,601
Water system improvements				165,000		22,503		142,497
Total expenditures		416,596		623,632		431,788		191,844
EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER								
REVENUES		(60,501)		(252,800)		(47,842)		204,958
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Loan proceeds		360,000		345,008		-		(345,008)
Transfer from other funds				27,582		92,216		64,634
Total other financing sources		360,000		372,590		92,216		(280,374)
		-						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		299,499		119,790		44,374		(75,416)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		78,931		247,753		187,753		(60,000)
FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR	\$	378,430	\$	367,543	\$	232,127	\$	(135,416)
Funds available is computed as follows:								
Current assets					\$	386,742		
Current liabilities and deferred inflows of resource	es					(154,615)		
					\$	232,127		

WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Revenues and transfers (budgetary basis) per Statement of Revenues,	
Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position	\$ 476,162
Revenues and Transfers per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Fund Net Position	 476,162
F	421 700
Expenditures (budgetary basis)	431,788
Depreciation	80,191
Capital outlay	(278,276)
Accrued interest payable	1,650
Loan principal	(40,645)
Expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Fund Net Position	 194,708
Change in Net Position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	
and Change in Fund Net Position	\$ 281,454



WILLOW BROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY December 31, 2020

\$1,750,000 CWRPDA Loan Dated April 24, 2019 Principal and Interest Due May 1 and November 1 Interest Rate of 2.5%

Year Ending	nding Interest Rate of 2.5%					
December 31,	Pı	rincipal]	Interest		Total
2021	\$	71,278	\$	42,291	\$	113,569
2022		73,071		40,498		113,569
2023		74,909		38,660		113,569
2024		76,794		36,775		113,569
2025		78,725		34,844		113,569
2026		80,706		32,863		113,569
2027		82,736		30,833		113,569
2028		84,817		28,752		113,569
2029		86,951		26,618		113,569
2030		89,138		24,431		113,569
2031		91,380		22,189		113,569
2032		93,680		19,889		113,569
2033		96,036		17,533		113,569
2034		98,452		15,117		113,569
2035		100,929		12,640		113,569
2036		84,745		9,633		94,378
	\$	1,364,347	\$	433,566	\$	1,797,913

\$550,000 Taxable Promissory Note Dated May 28, 2020 Interest Due June 1 and December 1 Principal Due December 1 Interest Rate of 4.0%

Year Ending	Interest Rate of 4.0%								
December 31,	Principal			Interest			Total		
2021	\$	55,000	•	\$	19,800		\$	74,800	
2022		55,000			17,600			72,600	
2023		55,000			15,400			70,400	
2024		55,000			13,200			68,200	
2025		55,000			11,000			66,000	
2026		55,000			8,800			63,800	
2027		55,000			6,600			61,600	
2028		55,000			4,400			59,400	
2029		55,000			2,200			57,200	
	\$	495,000	:	\$	99,000		\$	594,000	

WILLOWBROOK METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED December 31, 2020

Year Ended	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property			Total Pro	perty '	Taxes	Percentage Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy	Mills Levied	Levied		Collected		to Levied
2015	\$ 5,006,590	62.130	\$	311,059	\$	311,061	100.00%
2016	\$ 5,500,670	61.840	\$	340,161	\$	340,163	100.00%
2017	\$ 5,504,220	61.840	\$	340,381	\$	369,565	108.57%
2018	\$ 5,447,350	62.400	\$	339,915	\$	310,730	91.41%
2019	\$ 5,425,330	81.883	\$	444,242	\$	444,240	100.00%
2020	\$ 5,920,950	93.642	\$	554,449	\$	520,643	93.90%
Estimated for the year ending December 31,							
2021	\$ 5,825,620	82.156	\$	478,609			

NOTE:

Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the county treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.